In the Claims

Please make the following amendments to the claims.

The following listing of the claims supersedes any previous listings.

4. (Previously Presented) A method for inhibiting angiogenesis in a non-cancerous tissue comprising administering to a subject an effective angiogenesis inhibiting amount of a vanadium compound having the following structure:

wherein

 R_1 and R_2 are each independently a monodentate ligand or together form a bidentate ligand; and

 R_3 and R_4 are each independently a cyclopentadienyl ring, wherein each cyclopentadienyl ring is optionally substituted with one or more (C_1-C_3) alkyl.

- 5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 4, wherein R_1 and R_2 are each independently a monodentate ligand selected from the group consisting of halo, OH_2 , O_3SCF_3 , N_3 , CN, OCN, SCN, SeCN, and a cyclopentadicnyl ring, wherein each cyclopentadicnyl ring is optionally substituted with one or more (C_1-C_3) alkyl.
- 6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 5, wherein R_1 and R_2 are each independently halo.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6, wherein halo is chloro, bromo, or iodo.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6, wherein halo is chloro.

T-558 P.004/008

F-385

- 9. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4, wherein R₁ and R₂ together form a bidentate ligand selected from the group consisting of acctonylacetonate, 2,2' bipyridine, hexafturoacetylacetonate hexafturoacetylacetonate, catecholate, diethyl dithio carbamate, N-phenyl benzohydroxamic acids, acethydroxamic acid, and salts thereof.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, wherein the bidentate ligand is 10. acetonylacetonate or a salt thereof.
- 11-24. (Cancelled)

FROM-Morchant & Gould

- 25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 4 wherein the non-cancerous tissue is a vascular tissue.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16 wherein the vascular tissue is a coronary artery.
- 27. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 4 wherein the non-cancerous tissue is a retina
- 28. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 4 wherein the non-cancerous tissue is a tumor
- 29. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 28 wherein the tumor is a hemangioma.
- 30. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the angiogenesis is associated with injury to the vascular tissue.
- 31. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein the angiogenesis is associated with restenosis following injury to the vascular tissue.

FROM Morchant & Gould

- 32. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the vascular tissue is a vessel.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the vessel is a coronary artery.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 32 wherein the injury to the vessel is associated with balloon angioplasty, vessel stent, rotational and directional atherectomy, or laser angioplasty.
- 35. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 27, wherein the angiogenesis is associated with retinopathy.
- 36. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 35, wherein the retinopathy is associated with diabetes.
- 37. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is VCp2Cl2.
- 38. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is VCp2Br2.
- 39. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is VCp2I2.
- 40. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is VCp2(N3)2.
- 41. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is VCp2(CN)2.
- 42. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is VCp₂(NCO)₂.
- 43. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is VCp2(NCO)Cl.

FROM-Morchant & Gould

T-556 P.006/009 F-385

- 44. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is VCp2(NCS)2.
- 45. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is VCp2(NCSe)2.
- 46. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is [VCpzCl(CH3CN)][FeCl4].
- 47. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is VCp2(O3SCF3)2.
- 48. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is V(MeCp)2Cl2.
- 49. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is V(Me₅C_p)₂Cl₂
- (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is VCp2(acac), 50. wherein acac is acetonylacetonate.
- 51. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is VCp2(hf-acac), wherein hf-acac is hexafluoroacetylacetonate.
- (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is VCp2(bpy), **52**. wherein bpy is 2', 2' bipyridene.
- (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is VCp2(cat), 53. wherein cat is catecholate.
- (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is VCp2(dtc). 54. wherein dtc is diethyl dithio carbamate.

- 55. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is VCp2(PH), wherein PH is a N-phenylbenzohydroxamic acid.
- 56. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein said vandium compound is VCp₂(acethydroxamic acid).